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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/657,427	09/08/2003	Scott Anthony Arvin	G&C 30566.307-US-U1	9022
55895 GATES & CO	7590 06/26/2007 OPER LLP	EXAMINER		
HOWARD HU	IGHES CENTER	WATT, CHRIS A		
6701 CENTER DRIVE WEST, SUITE 1050 LOS ANGELES, CA 90045			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2174	
				<u>,                                      </u>
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/26/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Office Action Summary		10/657,42	7	ARVIN, SCOTT ANTHONY			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Chris Watt		2174			
The MAILING D. Period for Reply	ATE of this communication	appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress		
WHICHEVER IS LONG - Extensions of time may be avaiter SIX (6) MONTHS from the If NO period for reply is specifications Failure to reply within the set	CUTORY PERIOD FOR REGER, FROM THE MAILING vailable under the provisions of 37 CF he mailing date of this communication field above, the maximum statutory per or extended period for reply will, by some later than three months after the not. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF TH R 1.136(a). In no eve n. eriod will apply and will statute, cause the appli	IS COMMUNICATION nt, however, may a reply be time expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	N. sely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) Responsive to c	ommunication(s) filed on <u>2</u>	28 March 2007.					
2a) This action is FII		This action is no	on-final.				
3) Since this applic	ation is in condition for allo	owance except	for formal matters, pro	secution as to th	e merits is		
closed in accord	ance with the practice und	der <i>Ex parte Qu</i>	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1,3-17,	19-33 and 35-48 is/are per	nding in the app	olication.	·			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)☐ Claim(s)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-17,</u>	6) Claim(s) <u>1,3-17,19-33 and 35-48</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.				•		
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restriction a	nd/or election re	equirement.				
Application Papers							
9) The specification	is objected to by the Exar	miner.					
•	iled on <u>08 September 2003</u>		ccepted or b)☐ objec	ted to by the Exa	aminer.		
Applicant may not	t request that any objection to	the drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119						
12)☐ Acknowledgmen	t is made of a claim for for	eign priority und	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. ☐ Certified of	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	— '						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)					•		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's F	Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	8)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate			
3) Information Disclosure Sta Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/2			5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	-atent Application			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. This communication is responsive to the Amendment filed 3/28/2007.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-17, 19-33 and 35-48 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 17 and 33 are the independent claims. In the instant Amendment, claims 2, 18 and 34 were cancelled and claims 1, 3, 4, 6, 17, 19, 20, 22, 33, 35 and 38 were amended. This action is made non-final.
- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. Claims 1, 3-17, 19-33 and 35-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arora et al. ("Arora" US Patent No. 5,845,299) in view of Malamud et al. ("Malamud" US Patent No. 6,948,126) and Kreegar et al. ("Kreegar" US Patent No. 5,396,590).

Regarding independent claim 1, Arora teaches a method for temporarily displaying information relating to an object manipulator: displaying a graphic object in a computer graphics program; displaying an object manipulator on the graphic object; (i.e. "Properties" window related to items 502 and 504 in FIG. 5 et seq. of Arora). Arora does not teach temporarily displaying information relating to the object manipulator without activating the object manipulator.

Malamud teaches receiving cursor input wherein a cursor is placed over the object (i.e. see tooltip associated with obejcts in FIGS. 2D-2H et seq. of Malamud). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to combine the cursor

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input of Malamud into the information display of Arora. Said artisan would have been motivated to combine Malamud into Arora so that through manipulation of the cursor, the user is able to have displayed information about the object (i.e. see col. 1 line 52 et seq. of Malamud).

Kreegar teaches displaying information relating to the object manipulator without activating the object manipulator (i.e. col. 2 line 50 et seq. of Kreegar: "without having to activate different modes for different manipulations"). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to combine the non-activation required manipulators of Kreegar into the temporary display of Arora as modified by Malamud. Said artisan would have been motivated to combine Kreegar into the modified Arora to allow a user to manipulate the objects without having to resort to alternative methods of manipulation (i.e. col. 2 line 45 et seq. of Kreegar).

Regarding dependent claim 3, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein temporarily displaying the information comprises changing a color of the object manipulator (i.e. compare "Color..." button in FIG. 3 et seq. of Arora with changes in object manipulators in Figs. 4(a)-5(e) et seq. of Kreegar), wherein other object manipulators are displayed in close proximity on the graphic object such that it is difficult to distinguish which object manipulator will be activated as a result of pointing device activiation (i.e. note proximity of tooltip information to curosr in FIGS. 2D-2H et seq. of Malamud), and wherein the changing of the color distinguishes the object manipulator from the other object manipulator (i.e.

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compare "Color..." button in FIG. 3 et seq. of Arora with changes in object manipulators in Figs. 4(a)-5(e) et seq. of Kreegar).

Regarding dependent claim 4, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information comprises a value of a property to be modified by the object manipulator (i.e. "Properties" window related to items 502 and 504 in FIG. 5 et seg. of Arora).

Regarding dependent claim 5, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 4, wherein the property comprises a dimensional property (i.e. "Width" and "Height" in pixels in FIG. 3 et seq. of Arora).

Regarding dependent claim 6, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information comprises a graphics visual representation of the graphic object indicating a potential change to a state of the graphic object (i.e. "Properties" window related to items 502 and 504 in FIG. 5 et seq. of Arora).

Regarding dependent claim 7, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 6, wherein the potential change comprises potential results of interacting with the object manipulator (i.e. "sample text" in item 504, compare "Properties" window in FIG. 5 et seq. of Arora).

Regarding dependent claim 8, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information comprises a function of the object manipulator (i.e. note item 301 in Fig. 4(a) et seq. of Kreegar).

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Regarding dependent claim 9, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 8, wherein the function comprises a name of a property the object manipulator is used to modify (i.e. "Name Information Pointer" 26 in FIG. 2A et seq. of Malamud).

Regarding dependent claim 10, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information is displayed in a text message box (i.e. note <Name> box in "Name Information Pointer" 26 in FIG. 2A et seq. of Malamud).

Regarding dependent claim 11, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information comprises a method used to modify a function of the object manipulator (i.e. note item 301 in Fig. 4(a) et seq. of Kreegar).

Regarding dependent claim 12, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information is displayed immediately when the cursor is located over the object manipulator (i.e. compare object manipulators in Fig. 3 et seq. of Kreegar with information displayed when cursor over object in FIG. 2D et seq. of Malamud).

Regarding dependent claim 13, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information is displayed after a period of time has passed with the cursor located over the object manipulator (i.e. compare object manipulators in Fig. 3 et seq. of Kreegar with information displayed when cursor over object in FIG. 2D et seq. of Malamud).

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Regarding dependent claim 14, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information is hidden from display after a period of time has passed (i.e. compare related items with and without information in FIGS. 2D-2H et seq. of Malamud).

Regarding dependent claim 15, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information remains displayed until a user activates the object manipulator (i.e. compare object manipulators in Fig. 3 et seq. of Kreegar with information displayed when cursor over object in FIG. 2D et seq. of Malamud).

Regarding dependent claim 16, Arora, in combination with Malamud and Kreegar teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the information remains displayed until the cursor is moved off of the object manipulator (i.e. compare object manipulators in Fig. 3 et seq. of Kreegar with information displayed when cursor over object in FIG. 2D et seq. of Malamud).

Claim 17 is similar in scope to claim 1, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 19 is similar in scope to claim 3, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 20 is similar in scope to claim 4, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 21 is similar in scope to claim 5, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

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Claim 22 is similar in scope to claim 6, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 23 is similar in scope to claim 7, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 24 is similar in scope to claim 8, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 25 is similar in scope to claim 9, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 26 is similar in scope to claim 10, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 27 is similar in scope to claim 11, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 28 is similar in scope to claim 12, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 29 is similar in scope to claim 13, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 30 is similar in scope to claim 14, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 31 is similar in scope to claim 15, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 32 is similar in scope to claim 16, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

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Claim 33 is similar in scope to claim 1, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 35 is similar in scope to claim 3, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 36 is similar in scope to claim 4, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 37 is similar in scope to claim 5, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 38 is similar in scope to claim 6, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 39 is similar in scope to claim 7, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 40 is similar in scope to claim 8, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 41 is similar in scope to claim 9, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 42 is similar in scope to claim 10, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 43 is similar in scope to claim 11, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 44 is similar in scope to claim 12, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

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Claim 45 is similar in scope to claim 13, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 46 is similar in scope to claim 14, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 47 is similar in scope to claim 15, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim 48 is similar in scope to claim 16, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3-17, 19-33 and 35-48 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chris Watt whose telephone number is (571) 270-1046. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 6:30-4:00 Eastern.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine L. Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-4063. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Chris A. Watt/

June 4, 2007

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